

Module/ Course Title: Indonesian Morphology					
Module /Course code	student workload	Credits (ECTS)	Semester	Frequency	duration
SPI61012	119 hours	3/4.5	3	Every Year (August)	1 semester (s)
1	Types of courses Compulsory coursework	contact hours 45 hours	independent study 42 hours	class size 30	
2	Prerequisites for participation Introduction to Linguistic, Indonesian Phonology				
3	<p>Course Description: Indonesian language morphology course, as part of professional development in the field of Indonesian language education, discusses: (1) morphological position, (2) morphemes, (3) morpheme classification, (4) morphological processes, (5) affixation and reduplication, (6) Indonesian morphophonemic processes, (7) inflection and derivation in Indonesian, (8) models of Indonesian morphology learning materials, and (9) current morphological issues and problems of Indonesian morphology.</p> <p>Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> ILOs 2: Graduates are expected to show a responsible attitude towards work in the field of Indonesian language and literature education independently. ILOs 4: Graduates are expected to understand research methods and frameworks in the fields of Indonesian language.. ILOs 5: Graduates are expected to apply critical, evaluative, and innovative thinking in the context of Indonesian language. ILOs 8: Graduates are expected to be able to appreciate Indonesian language in spoken and written. 				
4	<p>Course Learning outcomes Mastering the basic concepts of morphology, identifying the process of word formation in Indonesian, and researching morphological changes in the Indonesian language.</p>				
5	<p>Subject aims/ Content (s)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Students explain the basic concept of morphology, history of morphology and its cope. Students are able to identify and classify Indonesian language morphological changes. Students are able to identify Indonesian language morphological changes through affixation. Students are able to identify Indonesia language morphological changes through composition. Students are able to identify Indonesians language morphological changes through reduplication. Students are able to investigate morphological changes through language in Indonesia. <p>Course content</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Week 1: Students understand RPS, net-etiquette, and lecture-student’s agreement in Morphology subject. Students understand based concept of morphology. Week 2: Students are able to explain basic concept of morphology, principles of morphology and morphological changes classification of Indonesian language. Week 3-4: Students discuss and analyse affixation process of Indonesian language. Week 5: Students discuss and analyse composition process of Indonesian language Week: Students discuss and analyse reduplication process of Indonesian language. Week 6: Students discuss morphological function and the meaning of morphological changes of Indonesian language. Week 7: Students discuss morphological process by derivation and inflection of Indonesian language. Week 8: Mid-Term Test Week 9: Students review journal and morphology research of Indonesian language to find inspiration for their morphology research of Indonesian language. Week 11: Students find morphology research object of Indonesian language. Week 12-14: Students conduct mini research of Indonesian language changes and formation. Week 15: Students present their mini research of Indonesian language changes and formation Week 16: Final Assignment 				

4	<p>Teaching methods</p> <p>This learning emphasizes the ability of students to identify the process of word formation in Indonesian language and local languages. Therefore, the student's active learning method is used to find and analyse language data collaboratively. In this case, the lecturer is involved as a facilitator who assists students in finding and analysing findings. To be able to achieve this goal, several learning methods are used as follows: 1) Studying the basic concepts, rules, and processes of word formation in Indonesian, 2) Formulating word formation rules in Indonesian languages, 3) Reviewing and discussing findings data, and 4) Writing research results in one simple article in groups</p>
5	<p>Assessment methods</p> <p>The test/evaluation method is carried out through structured assignments, giving quizzes, mid-term test, final test and class participation. The final grades in this lecture are obtained through the formula or calculations below.</p> <p>NA = 0,10 P + 0,20 TS + 0,30 MT + 0,40 FA</p> <p>Description:</p> <p>NA = Final score MT = Mid-term Test P = Participation FA = Final Assignment</p>
6	This module is used in the following degree programmes as well : Yes
7	Responsibility for module: Millatuz Zakiyah, S.Pd., M.A.
8	<p>Other information:</p> <p>Lectures use primary references such as journals, books and learning resources as follows.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ramlan. <i>Morfologi: Suatu Tinjauan Deskriptif</i>. Yogyakarta: CV. Karyono. 2. Chaer, Abdul. 2007. <i>Linguistik Umum</i>. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta 3. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 2008. <i>Kamus Linguistik</i>. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Tama 4. Katamba, Francis. 1993. <i>Morphology</i>. England : The Macmillan Press LTD. 5. Kushartanti, et al. 2009. <i>Pesona Bahasa: Langkah Awal Memahami Linguistik</i>. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Utama 6. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1988. <i>Beberapa Prinsip Perpaduan Leksem dalam Bahasa Indonesia</i>. Yogyakarta: Kanisius 7. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1986. <i>Kelas Kata dalam Bahasa Indonesia</i>. Jakarta: Gramedia Utama 8. Nida, A. Eugene. 1963. <i>Morphology: The Descriptive Analysis of Words</i> (second edition). Ann Arbor : The University of Michigan Press. 9. Samsuri. 1982. <i>Analisis Bahasa: Memahami Bahasa Indonesia Ilmiah</i>. Jakarta: Erlangga 10. Simatupang, M.D.S. 1983. <i>Reduplikasi Morfemis Bahasa Indonesia</i>. Jakarta: Djambatan 11. Spencer, Andrew and Arnold M. Zwicky (Eds) <i>The Handbook of Morphology</i>. Malden: Blackwell Publishers 12. Uhlenbeck, E.M. 1982. <i>Kajian Morfologi Bahasa Jawa</i>. Jakarta : Djambatan 13. Verhaar, J.W.M. 2010. <i>Asas-Asas Linguistik Umum</i>. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada University Press.



UNIVERSITAS BRAWIJAYA
FACULTY OF CULTURAL STUDIES
DEPARTMENT OF LANGUAGE EDUCATION
STUDY PROGRAM OF INDONESIAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE
EDUCATION

STUDENT TASK GUIDELINE

COURSE TITLE	Indonesian Morphology				
CODE	SPI61012	ECT	3	SEMESTER	3
LECTURER	Millatuz Zakiyah, S.Pd., M.A.				

TASK FORM
 Structured Task

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME
 Students understand learning materials meeting 2–7

DESCRIPTION
 Students write paper about one of course theme to be presented in groups.

METHOD OF COMPLETION
 1. Students write paper and slides in groups
 2. Students present and discuss their paper and slideshow
 3. Discuss duration is 45 minutes.

OUTCOMES
 a. Object: Structured Task
 b. Outcome: Students understand learning materials at meeting 2–7.

INDICATORS, CRITERIA, AND PERCENTAGE OF GRADING

ASPECT	DESCRIPTOR	Performance Achievement Score			
		1	2	3	4
Compatibility of presentation material with theory	The material presented is appropriate with the theory of Indonesian language morphology				
confidence	Student explain the material without getting hung up on reading the slideshow				
Ability to answer and organize discussions in class	Students answer questions from another group appropriately. Students control the discussion on time				
Team cohesiveness	The composition of the team according to their respective portions.				

TIMES
 Meeting 2—7

OTHERS: -

REFERENCES

1. Ramlan. *Morfologi: Suatu Tinjauan Deskriptif*. Yogyakarta: CV. Karyono.
2. Chaer, Abdul. 2007. *Linguistik Umum*. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta
3. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 2008. *Kamus Linguistik*. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Tama
4. Katamba, Francis. 1993. *Morphology*. England : The Macmillan Press LTD.
5. Kushartanti, et al. 2009. *Pesona Bahasa: Langkah Awal Memahami Linguistik*. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Utama
6. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1988. *Beberapa Prinsip Perpaduan Leksem dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Yogyakarta: Kanisius

7. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1986. *Kelas Kata dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Gramedia Utama
8. Nida, A. Eugene. 1963. *Morphology: The Descriptive Analysis of Words* (second edition). Ann Arbor : The University of Michigan Press.
9. Samsuri. 1982. *Analisis Bahasa: Memahami Bahasa Indonesia Ilmiah*. Jakarta: Erlangga
10. Simatupang, M.D.S. 1983. *Reduplikasi Morfemis Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Djambatan
11. Spencer, Andrew and Arnold M. Zwicky (Eds) *The Handbook of Morphology*. Malden: Blackwell Publishers
12. Uhlenbeck, E.M. 1982. *Kajian Morfologi Bahasa Jawa*. Jakarta : Djambatan
13. Verhaar, J.W.M. 2010. *Asas-Asas Linguistik Umum*. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada University Press.



UNIVERSITAS BRAWIJAYA
FACULTY OF CULTURAL STUDIES
DEPARTMENT OF LANGUAGE EDUCATION
STUDY PROGRAM OF INDONESIAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE
EDUCATION

STUDENT TASK GUIDELINE

COURSE TITLE	Indonesian Morphology				
CODE	SPI61012	ECT	3	SEMESTER	3
LECTURER	Millatuz Zakiyah, S.Pd., M.A.				

TASK FORM

Quiz

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME

Students understand learning material at meeting 2–5.

DESCRIPTION

Students answering essay using analysis data of Indonesian language formation word.

METHOD OF COMPLETION

1. Students answer an essay about word formation in Indonesian
2. The form of the question is in the form of language data that needs to be analyzed in the word formation process.
3. Processing time is 45 minutes.

OUTCOMES

- a. Object : Quiz
- b. Outcome: Students understand learning materials at meeting 2 – 5.

INDICATORS, CRITERIA, AND PERCENTAGE OF GRADING

ASPECT	DESCRIPTOR	Performance Achievement Score			
		1	2	3	4
Ability to analyse word formation with affixation method	Analysis of word formation according to the affixation theory of Indonesian language or local languages.				
Ability to analyse word formation with reduplication method	Analysis of word formation according to the reduplication theory of Indonesian language or local languages.				
Ability to analyse word formation with composition method	Analysis of word formation according to the composition theory of Indonesian language or local languages.				

TIMES

Meeting 6

OTHERS: -

REFERENCES

1. Ramlan. *Morfologi: Suatu Tinjauan Deskriptif*. Yogyakarta: CV. Karyono.
2. Chaer, Abdul. 2007. *Linguistik Umum*. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta
3. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 2008. *Kamus Linguistik*. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Tama
4. Katamba, Francis. 1993. *Morphology*. England : The Macmillan Press LTD.
5. Kushartanti, et al. 2009. *Pesona Bahasa: Langkah Awal Memahami Linguistik*. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Utama
6. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1988. *Beberapa Prinsip Perpaduan Leksem dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Yogyakarta: Kanisius

7. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1986. *Kelas Kata dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Gramedia Utama
8. Nida, A. Eugene. 1963. *Morphology: The Descriptive Analysis of Words* (second edition). Ann Arbor : The University of Michigan Press.
9. Samsuri. 1982. *Analisis Bahasa: Memahami Bahasa Indonesia Ilmiah*. Jakarta: Erlangga
10. Simatupang, M.D.S. 1983. *Reduplikasi Morfemis Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Djambatan
11. Spencer, Andrew and Arnold M. Zwicky (Eds) *The Handbook of Morphology*. Malden: Blackwell Publishers
12. Uhlenbeck, E.M. 1982. *Kajian Morfologi Bahasa Jawa*. Jakarta : Djambatan
13. Verhaar, J.W.M. 2010. *Asas-Asas Linguistik Umum*. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada University Press.



UNIVERSITAS BRAWIJAYA
FACULTY OF CULTURAL STUDIES
DEPARTMENT OF LANGUAGE EDUCATION
STUDY PROGRAM OF INDONESIAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE
EDUCATION

STUDENT TASK GUIDELINE

COURSE TITLE	Indonesian Morphology				
CODE	SPI61012	ECT	3	SEMESTER	3
LECTURER	Millatuz Zakiyah, S.Pd., M.A.				

TASK FORM

Mid-Term Test

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME

Students understand learning materials at meeting 2–7.

DESCRIPTION

Students answering essay using data analysis of Indonesian language and local language word formation.

METHOD OF COMPLETION

1. Students answering essay using data analysis of Indonesian language word formation.
2. The question are 5 essay questions.
3. Test duration is 90 minutes.

OUTCOMES

- c. Object: mid-term test
- d. Outcome: Students understand learning materials at meeting 2–7.

INDICATORS, CRITERIA, AND PERCENTAGE OF GRADING

ASPECT	DESCRIPTOR	Performance Achievement Score			
		1	2	3	4
Ability to explain the theory of word formation in Indonesia language.	The compatibility of the theory used to answer essay questions about the morphological processes of inflection, derivation, function, and meaning of word formation in Indonesian.				
Ability to analyze word formation with affixation method	Analysis of word formation according to the affixation theory of Indonesian language or local languages.				
Ability to analyze word formation with reduplication method	Analysis of word formation according to the reduplication theory of Indonesian language or local languages.				
Ability to analyze word formation with composition method	Analysis of word formation according to the composition theory of Indonesian language or local languages.				

TIMES

Meeting 8

OTHERS : -

REFERENCES

1. Ramlan. *Morfologi: Suatu Tinjauan Deskriptif*. Yogyakarta: CV. Karyono.
2. Chaer, Abdul. 2007. *Linguistik Umum*. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta
3. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 2008. *Kamus Linguistik*. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Tama
4. Katamba, Francis. 1993. *Morphology*. England : The Macmillan Press LTD.

5. Kushartanti, et al.2009. *Pesona Bahasa: Langkah Awal Memahami Linguistik*. Jakarta:Gramedia Pustaka Utama
6. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1988. *Beberapa Prinsip Perpaduan Leksem dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Yogyakarta: Kanisius
7. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1986. *Kelas Kata dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Gramedia Utama
8. Nida, A. Eugene.1963. *Morpholgy: The Descriptive Analysis of Words* (second edition). Ann Arbor : The University of Michigan Press.
9. Samsuri.1982. *Analisis Bahasa:Memahami Bahasa Indonesia Ilmiah*. Jakarta:Erlangga
10. Simatupang, M.D.S. 1983. *Reduplikasi Morfemis Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Djambatan
11. Spencer, Andrew and Anold M. Zwicky (Eds) *The Handbook of Morfology*. Malden: Blackwell Publishers
12. Uhlenbeck, E.M. 1982. *Kajian Morfologi Bahasa Jawa*. Jakarta : Djambatan
13. Verhaar, J.W.M.2010. *Asas-Asas Linguistik Umum*.Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada Unversity Press.



UNIVERSITAS BRAWIJAYA
FACULTY OF CULTURAL STUDIES
DEPARTMENT OF LANGUAGE EDUCATION
STUDY PROGRAM OF INDONESIAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE
EDUCATION

STUDENT TASK GUIDELINE

COURSE TITLE	Indonesian Morphology				
CODE	SPI61012	ECT	3	SEMESTER	3
LECTURER	Millatuz Zakiyah, S.Pd., M.A.				

TASK FORM

Final Test

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME

Students understand learning materials at meeting 2 – 15.

DESCRIPTION

Students write articles of their morphology mini research. The material is taken from learning material at meeting 2-15.

METHOD OF COMPLETION

1. Students write articles of their morphology mini research in groups
2. The test is mini research.
3. Duration of writing the article is 4 weeks calculated from week 10 – 14.

OUTCOMES

- a. Object: Article of morphology mini research
- b. Outcome: Students understand learning material at meeting 2 – 15

INDICATORS, CRITERIA, AND PERCENTAGE OF GRADING

ASPECT	DESCRIPTOR	Performance Achievement Score			
		1	2	3	4
The compatibility of the data selected for analysis	Sentences analysed according to the needs of word formation analysis in Indonesian language				
The complexity of the data analysed	The language data analysed is complex and complete.				
Accuracy of the analysis of word formation with the theory of word formation in Indonesian language.	Analysis of word formation according to the theory of word formation in Indonesian language.				
Novelty of research ideas	The research idea taken is new and has never been researched before.				
Writing system	Articles are written according to the systematics of scientific journals to which articles will be sent.				
Completeness of article composition	Article consists of title, author identity, abstract, introduction, research method, results, discussion, closing or conclusion, and bibliography.				

TIMES

Meeting 16

OTHERS : -

REFERENCES

1. Ramlan. *Morfologi: Suatu Tinjauan Deskriptif*. Yogyakarta: CV. Karyono.
2. Chaer, Abdul. 2007. *Linguistik Umum*. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta
3. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 2008. *Kamus Linguistik*. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Utama
4. Katamba, Francis. 1993. *Morphology*. England : The Macmillan Press LTD.
5. Kushartanti, et al. 2009. *Pesona Bahasa: Langkah Awal Memahami Linguistik*. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Utama
6. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1988. *Beberapa Prinsip Perpaduan Leksem dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Yogyakarta: Kanisius
7. Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 1986. *Kelas Kata dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Gramedia Utama
8. Nida, A. Eugene. 1963. *Morphology: The Descriptive Analysis of Words* (second edition). Ann Arbor : The University of Michigan Press.
9. Samsuri. 1982. *Analisis Bahasa: Memahami Bahasa Indonesia Ilmiah*. Jakarta: Erlangga
10. Simatupang, M.D.S. 1983. *Reduplikasi Morfemis Bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Djambatan
11. Spencer, Andrew and Arnold M. Zwicky (Eds) *The Handbook of Morphology*. Malden: Blackwell Publishers
12. Uhlenbeck, E.M. 1982. *Kajian Morfologi Bahasa Jawa*. Jakarta : Djambatan
13. Verhaar, J.W.M. 2010. *Asas-Asas Linguistik Umum*. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada University Press.